## Survey! Question! Read! Recite! Review!

Before you read, <u>S</u> urvey the chapter:	<ul> <li>the title, headings, and subheadings</li> <li>captions under pictures, charts, graphs or maps</li> <li>review questions or teacher-made study guides</li> <li>introductory and concluding paragraphs</li> <li>summary</li> </ul>
Question while you are surveying:	<ul> <li>Turn the title, headings, and/or subheadings into questions;</li> <li>Read questions at the end of the chapters or after each subheading;</li> <li>Ask yourself, "What did my instructor say about this chapter or subject when it was assigned?"</li> <li>Ask yourself, "What do I already know about this subject?"</li> </ul> Note: If it is helpful to you, write out these questions for consideration. This variation is called SQW3R
When you begin to <u>R</u> ead:	<ul> <li>Look for answers to the questions you first raised;</li> <li>Answer questions at the beginning or end of chapters or study guides</li> <li>Reread captions under pictures, graphs, etc.</li> <li>Note all the underlined, italicized, bold printed words or phrases</li> <li>Study graphic aids</li> <li>Reduce your speed for difficult passages</li> <li>Stop and reread parts which are not clear</li> <li>Read only a section at a time and recite after each section</li> </ul>
<u>R</u> ecite after you've read a section:	<ul> <li>Orally ask yourself questions about what you have just read or summarize, in your own words, what you read</li> <li>Take notes from the text but write the information in your own words</li> <li>Underline or highlight important points you've just read</li> <li>Use the method of recitation which best suits your particular learning style but remember, the more senses you use the more likely you are to remember what you read - i.e.,</li> <li>TRIPLE STRENGTH LEARNING: Seeing, saying, hearing- QUADRUPLE STRENGTH LEARNING: Seeing , saying , hearing, writing!!!</li> </ul>

<u>R</u> eview: an ongoing process.	Day One
	<ul> <li>After you have read and recited the entire chapter, write questions in the margins for those points you have highlighted or underlined.</li> <li>If you took notes while reciting, write questions for the notes you have taken in the left hand margins of your notebook.</li> </ul>
	Day Two
	<ul> <li>Page through the text and/or your notebook to re-acquaint yourself with the important points.</li> <li>Cover the right hand column of your text/note-book and orally ask yourself the questions in the left hand margins.</li> <li>Orally recite or write the answers from memory.</li> <li>Make "flash cards" for those questions which give you difficulty.</li> <li>Develop mnemonic devices for material which need to be memorized.</li> </ul>
	Days Three, Four and Five
	<ul> <li>Alternate between your flash cards and notes and test yourself (orally or in writing) on the questions you formulated.</li> <li>Make additional flash cards if necessary.</li> </ul>
	Weekend
	Using the text and notebook, make a Table of Contents - list all the topics and sub-topics you need to know from the chapter. From the Table of Contents, make a Study Sheet/ Spatial Map. Recite the information orally and in your own words as you put the Study Sheet/Map together.
	Now that you have consolidated all the information you need for that chapter, periodically review the Sheet/Map so that at test time you will not have to cram.

Adapted from: Robinson, Francis Pleasant, (1961, 1970) *Effective study* (4th ed.), Harper & Row, New York, NY.